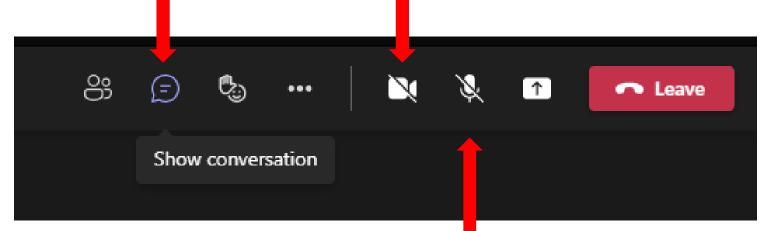


Thank you for joining our webinar. Please turn off your camera and microphone.

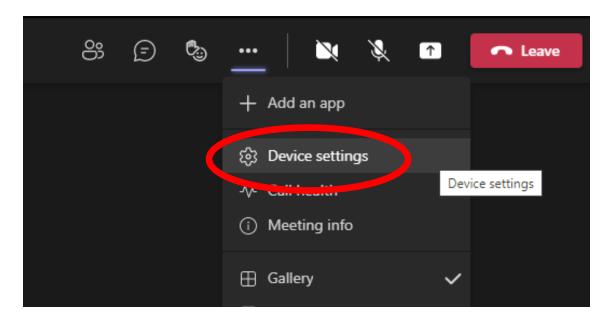


If you have any questions, please submit them in the chat window. To open the chat window, click on the *Show conversation* icon.

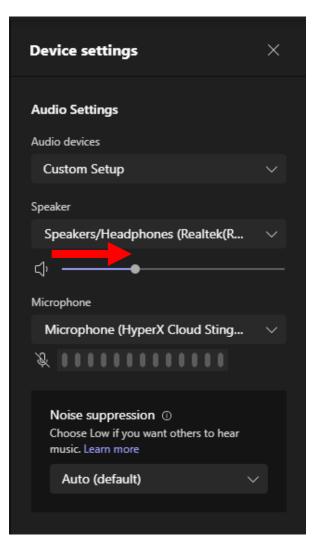


CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND FEE ADMINISTRATION

Please be sure the speakers on your computer are turned on and the volume is appropriate for you.



We will begin soon.





Sellers of Firearms and Ammunition in California—Presentation



Webinar Topics

- General California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax (CFET) Information
- General Sales and Use Tax (SUT) Information
- Differences Between CFET and Sales and Use Tax
- Exemptions
- Scenarios Specific to Sellers
- Registration Information
- Filing Your CFET Returns
- Resources



Get It in Writing!

- This presentation demonstrates general tax concepts and does not describe every situation. To obtain legally reliable written tax guidance, email us at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/email</u> with the details specific to your business operations.
- Please note: The contents of these slides as well as answers provided in the chat during this presentation do not constitute written tax advice that may provide relief from liability under California Revenue and Taxation Code (RTC) section <u>6596</u>, <u>55045</u>, and <u>Regulation 1705</u>.







General CFET Information



The California Firearms, Firearm Precursor Parts, and Ammunition Excise Tax

- The California Firearms, Firearm Precursor Parts, and Ammunition Excise Tax (CFET) is an 11 percent excise tax imposed on California licensed firearms dealers, firearms manufacturers, and ammunition vendors (sellers), on the retail sale of firearms, firearm precursor parts, and ammunition (firearm products) in California. (Revenue and Taxation Code [RTC] <u>section 36011</u>)
- CFET is in addition to sales and use tax.

Visit our Tax Rates—Special Taxes and Fees webpage to view current and historical CFET rates at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/taxes-and-fees/special-taxes-and-fees-tax-rates/</u>.



Is it subject to CFET?

If you are unsure if a product you sell is subject to CFET you can:

- Contact the California Department of Justice's Bureau of Firearms (BOF) at <u>oag.ca.gov/firearms</u> regarding what products are considered firearm products.
- Contact our Customer Service Center for assistance on determining how tax applies to retail sales of firearm products.



What qualifies as a firearm?

- "Firearm" means a device, designed to be used as a weapon, from which is expelled through a barrel, a projectile by the force of an explosion or other form of combustion.
- "Firearm" includes the frame or receiver of the weapon, including both a completed frame or receiver, or a firearm precursor part.

(Penal Code section 16520 (a) and (b))



What qualifies as a firearm precursor part?

"Firearm precursor part" means any forging, casting, printing, extrusion, machined body, or similar article:

(1) that has reached a stage in manufacture where it may readily be completed, assembled, or converted to be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm; or

(2) that is marketed or sold to the public to become or be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm once completed, assembled or converted.

"Firearm precursor part" does not include firearm parts that can only be used on antique firearms, as defined in Penal Code section 16170, subdivision (c). (Penal Code section 16531 (a) and (c))



Ammunition Definition

- "Ammunition" means one or more loaded cartridges consisting of a primed case, propellant, and with one or more projectiles.
- "Ammunition" does not include blanks.

(Penal Code section 16150)



CFET Tax Reimbursement

- As a seller, you are liable for the CFET on your retail sales of firearm products in California. You may collect CFET reimbursement from your customers.
- If you collect the tax reimbursement on retail sales not subject to tax, the excess tax that you collected must be returned to the purchaser or reported and paid to us. You may not keep the excess tax reimbursement.



CFET Tax Reimbursement

- Excess Tax Reimbursement Examples
 - CFET collected on Dealer's Record to Sale fees paid to the CA Department of Justice.
 - CFET collected on Firearm Safety Certificate Fee.

In both examples, CFET does not apply to the fees collected. The amounts collected for CFET must either be returned to the customer or remitted to us as excess tax reimbursement.





General Sales and Use Tax Information



Sales and Use Tax Return

- If you are in the business of selling any tangible personal property including, but not limited to firearm products, you are required to file regular sales and use tax returns to report your sales.
- If you have no transactions to report, you are still required to file your sales and use tax return and report zero transactions.



What Is Sales Tax?

Generally, retail sales of tangible personal property in California are subject to sales tax, unless specifically exempt or excluded by law.

- Sales tax is imposed upon the retailer (seller) on the sale of tangible personal property at retail in California.
- Retailers *may* collect reimbursement for the sales tax from their customers.



What Is Use Tax?

- Use tax generally applies to items purchased or sold without tax when those items will be used, stored, consumed, or given away in California.
- Out-of-state retailers "engaged in business" in California must collect and pay use tax on items sold to California consumers.





How Do I Know if I Owe Use Tax?

As a seller, use tax may be due from you under the following circumstances:

• You purchased an item from out-of-state without payment of tax and used the item in California.

OR

• You purchased an item for resale but then withdrew the item from resale inventory for your own personal or professional use.



Sales Tax vs. Use Tax

Sales Tax

- Sales tax applies to sales that take place in California.
- Sales tax is the responsibility of the retailer (seller).
- Sales tax is calculated based on the gross receipts from retail sales.

Use Tax

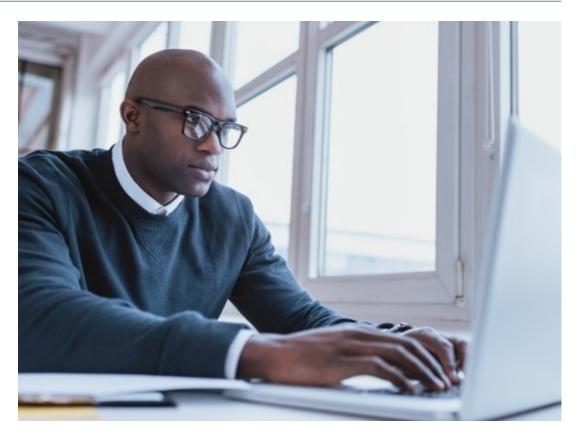
- Use tax is calculated based on the sales price paid by the consumer.
- Use tax typically applies to sales that take place outside of California, for example, from an out-of-state retailer.
- If tangible personal property is purchased with a resale certificate and not resold, use tax applies when it is removed from resale inventory.
- Use tax is generally the responsibility of the consumer.

Please note: Sales and use tax are imposed at the same rate.



When Are Sales of Tangible Personal Property Subject to Sales Tax?

 Retail sales of tangible personal property that take place in California are generally subject to sales tax, unless specifically exempt or excluded by law.





Who Needs a Seller's Permit?

Any person engaged in the business of selling or leasing tangible personal property that would ordinarily be subject to sales tax if sold at retail, must apply with CDTFA for a seller's permit for each place of business, as required under Regulation <u>1699</u>, *Permits*.



Seller's Permit Fundamentals

A seller's permit:

- Allows a person to make sales in California and issue a resale certificate.
- Must be issued in the business owner's name.
- Must be obtained for each business location.
- Must be posted at the business location in a place that is visible to the public.

A seller's permit does not allow you to purchase items for your own use without payment of tax.





Tax Reimbursement

- As a retailer, you are liable for the sales tax on your taxable sales. You may collect sales tax reimbursement from your customers.
- If you collect sales tax reimbursement on retail sales not subject to sales tax or collect more sales tax reimbursement than is due, the excess sales tax reimbursement that you collected must be returned to the purchaser or reported and paid to us. You may not keep the excess tax reimbursement.



Tax Reimbursement

- If sales tax reimbursement is included in the sales price, you must post a sign notifying your customers that the sales tax is included in the sales price.
- If signage is not posted on the premises visible to the customer, then sales tax reimbursement must be based on the sales price and added separately to the receipt.



When Does the Sale Take Place?

The sale takes place when the customer takes possession of the tangible personal property, or title to the tangible personal property is transferred to the customer, whichever occurs first.

For example, in a retail sale of a firearm, even if the customer provides full payment for the transaction when the licensed firearms dealer initiates the background check, since the customer cannot take possession of a firearm until the 10-day waiting period has passed, the sale takes place after the 10-day period has passed and the customer takes possession of the firearm. If the payment is received in a different quarter than the date that customer takes physical possession of the firearm, the gross receipts from the retail sale will apply in the quarter during which the customer took physical possession of the firearm.





Differences Between CFET and Sales and Use Tax



What Is Subject to Sales and Use Tax and CFET?

- Sale of a firearm
- Sale of firearm precursor parts
- Sale of ammunition
- All charges related to the retail sale of a firearm, firearm precursor part, or ammunition:
 - Credit card processing fees
 - Handling fees
 - Any other discretionary fees separately added to the invoice or receipt
 - Shipping charges related to shipping a firearm, firearm precursor part, or ammunition to a California licensed firearms dealer or ammunition vendor to complete a sale on behalf of another seller



Fees not subject to CFET or Sales and Use Tax

The following fees that are imposed upon the purchaser are **not** subject to sales or use tax, or CFET:

- DOJ Firearms Dealer Record of Sale (DROS) fees
- Firearms Safety Act fee
- Safety and Enforcement fee
- Basic Ammunition Eligibility Check fee
- Standard Ammunition Eligibility Check fee
- Certificate of Eligibility Verification Check fee



Is CFET reimbursement subject to Sales and Use Tax?

No

If you collect reimbursement from your customer for CFET, the amount collected as CFET reimbursement is not subject to sales and use tax.



Tax Calculation Example

Example scenario:

Customer goes into a sporting goods store and purchases a hunting rifle and pays with a credit card.

Tax calculation example

Selling price of firearm		\$ 500.00
Merchant credit card fee		\$ 10.00
Firearms Safety fee		\$ 1.00
Safety and Enforcement fee	9	\$ 5.00
DROS fee		\$ 31.19
Total sales, ex-tax		\$ 547.19
CFET gross receipts	(\$500 + \$10)	\$ 510.00
CFET due	(11% x \$510)	\$ 56.10
Sales tax gross receipts	(\$500 + \$10)	\$ 510.00
Sales tax due	(8.5%* x \$510)	\$ 43.35

*An 8.5% sales and use tax rate is used for demonstration only.



Sales and Use Tax and CFET Exemptions



Sales for Resale

- A valid sale for resale is not subject to sales and use tax or CFET.
- If you are purchasing goods for resale, you are required to give a valid and timely resale certificate to your vendor for sales and use tax purposes.
- If you are selling goods for resale, you are required to collect a valid and timely resale certificate in good faith from your customer for sales and use tax purposes.
 - The resale certificates you collect should be retained in your records for no less than four years.



Documentation of Sales for Resale

Common ways to document sales for resale:

- <u>CDTFA-230</u>, California Resale Certificate
- A purchase order containing all the essential elements of a resale certificate



Sales for Resale

Resale Certificate

Form CDTFA-230

	California Resale Certificate				
0	HEREBY CERTIFY:				
1.	. I hold valid seller's permit number:				
2.	I am engaged in the business of selling the following type of tangible personal property:				
3.	This certificate is for the purchase from				
4.	I will resell the Item(s) listed in paragraph S, which I am purchasing under this resale certificate in the form tanglise personal property in the regular course of my business operations, and I will do so prior to making a use of the Item(s) other than demonstration and display while holding the Item(s) for sale in the regular course my business. I understand that if I use the Item(s) purchased under this certificate in any manner other than just desortbed, I will owe use tax based on each Item's purchase price or as otherwise provided by law.				
5.	5. Description of property to be purchased for resale:				
6.	. I have read and understand the following:				
6.	I have read and understand the following: For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094.5 If the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not resel the purchased ltem prior to use (other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for resale) and he or she furnishes a re certificate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a resale certif for personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is Itable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have I due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500, whichever is more.				
	For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094.5 If the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not resell the purchased item prior to use (other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for resaile) and he or she turnishes a re certificate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a reseale certif for personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is liable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have I				
NA	For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094,5 if the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not resell the purchased tiem prior to use (other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for resale) and he or she furnishes a re certificate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a resale certif for personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is Itable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have i due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500, whichever is more.				
100 300 100	For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094.5 If the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not resell the purchased tiem prior to use (other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for resaile) and he or she furnishes a re- certificate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a resaile certif for personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is liable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have i due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500, whichever is more.				
100	For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094.5 if the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not resell the purchased time prior to use (other than retention, demonstration, or display while holding it for resail) and he or she furnishes a re- certificate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a resaile certif for personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is Itable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have it due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500, whichever is more. Mail OF PURCHARE DATA DEPENDENCE CHART CONDENCE OF AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE 3-				
100 100 100	For Your Information: A person may be guilty of a misdemeanor under Revenue and Taxation Code se 6094.5 if the purchaser knows at the time of purchase that he or she will not reseil the purchased litem plot it use (other than retention, or denosity attion, or display withis holding) it for resail and he or she furnishes a re- outlicate to avoid payment to the seller of an amount as tax. Additionally, a person misusing a resale certifi- tor personal gain or to evade the payment of tax is itable, for each purchase, for the tax that would have in- due, plus a penalty of 10 percent of the tax or \$500, whichever is more. And Cor FURCHABLE Constructed of FURCHABLE TARGET BAR OTHER CHARTER BAR OTHER BAR OTHER CHARTER BAR OTHER B				

CLEAR PRINT

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND FEE ADMINISTRATION

CDTFA-230 REV. 1 (0-17)

GENERAL RESALE CERTIFICATE

Publication 103, Sales for Resale



Essential Elements of a Resale Certificate

- Name and address of the purchaser's business.
- Purchaser's seller's permit number, if applicable.
- Description of the property to be purchased.
- A statement that the described property is being purchased for resale.
- Date of the sale for resale.
- Signature of the purchaser, purchaser's employee, or authorized representative.

In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the seller will be presumed to have taken a resale certificate in good faith if it contains the essential elements and otherwise appears to be valid on its face.



Purchase Order Used as a Resale Certificate

ABC Company	PURCHASE	ORDER	1234 Easy Street Sacramento, CA 95814
For Resale	99-999999		Number - 123456 Date - 3/5/00
4000	Widgets	\$2.00 each	\$8000.00
			<u>ABC Company Signature</u>

- Must specifically state "For Resale" or other similar language.
- Must also contain all the essential elements required for a resale certificate.



Sales for Resale—Misuse

The misuse of a resale certificate is a *misdemeanor.* The penalty is \$500 or 10% of the amount of tax *per transaction*, whichever is greater.

In addition to the penalty, another 10% for negligence or 25% for fraud may apply.



Resale Certificate

If the purchaser is not required to hold a seller's permit because they only sell items that are not taxable, an appropriate notation to that effect should be entered instead of a seller's permit number on the resale or exemption certificate.

Examples:

- Food products for human consumption
- Sales in interstate or foreign commerce



General Exemptions

- Sales to the U.S. government are generally exempt from sales and use tax and are not subject to CFET.
- Sales made in interstate or foreign commerce are generally exempt from sales and use tax and are not subject to CFET.



CFET Exemptions

- Retail sales of firearm products to any active or retired peace officer or any law enforcement agency employing peace officers are exempt from the CFET. (<u>RTC section 36021(a)</u>)
- Gross receipts totaling less than \$5,000 from the retail sale of firearms, firearm precursor parts, and ammunition in any quarter are exempt from the CFET. (RTC section 36021(b))
- Although these retail sales are exempt from CFET, they may still be subject to sales and use tax.



CFET Exemptions

To facilitate the recordkeeping of your CFET exempt sales to active or retired peace officers and law enforcement agencies that employee peace officers, you may use <u>CDTFA-230-FET</u>, *California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax Exemption Certificate for Peace Officers and Law Enforcement Agencies.*





Scenarios Specific to Sellers

Processing a Firearm or Ammunition Sale for a California Private Party Seller

- California private party seller and purchaser have negotiated the terms of sale in advance.
- Private party seller brings firearm to California seller to process registration of the transfer.
- The California seller is not considered to be the retailer of the firearm and will not be responsible for the sales and use tax or the CFET, provided the California seller does not take title of the firearm at any time during transaction.
- The private party seller would be liable for the sales tax unless the transaction qualifies for an exemption.



Consignment Sales

When a California private party seller brings a firearm product to a California seller and requests that the California seller find a buyer, the California seller is considered the retailer of the firearm product and is responsible for the sales tax and the CFET on the retail sale.



Out-of-State Sellers

Out-of-state retailers are not required to register with us for a CFET certificate of registration.

- However, you may be required to register with us for a Sales and Use Tax account if you are engaged in business in California.
- Please see the <u>Tax Guide for Out-of-State Retailers</u> for more information.



Delivering and Registering Firearm Products for Out-of-State Retailers and Private Party Sellers

When a California seller facilitates the purchase in this state of a firearm product on behalf of an out-of-state licensed firearms dealer who is not registered with CDTFA or an out-of-state private party seller, the California seller is considered the retailer of the firearm product. The California seller is responsible for the CFET, and sales tax.



Delivering and Registering Firearm Products for Out-of-State Retailers and Private Party Sellers

As a California seller, you should obtain a copy of the sales contract or invoice from the out-of-state licensed firearms dealer, out-of-state private party seller, or the purchaser to determine the proper amount of CFET and sales and use tax due on the sale.







If you are a licensed firearms dealer, ammunition vendor, or firearms manufacturer (seller) who makes or plans to make retail sales of firearms, firearm precursor parts, or ammunition (firearm products) in California, you must register with us to get both of the following, if you have not already done so:

- A Seller's Permit, and
- A California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax (CFET) Certificate of Registration



- Additionally, importers, manufacturers, and dealers (sellers) of firearms in the United States must first register with the <u>United States Bureau of</u> <u>Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF)</u> to obtain a <u>Federal</u> <u>Firearms License (FFL)</u> before making any sales of firearms.
- It is unlawful for any person other than a registered FFL holder to make sales or transfers of firearms between private parties or across state lines.



- In addition to being granted an FFL by the ATF, sellers of firearms and ammunition and firearm manufacturers in California need to apply with the State of California Department of Justice (DOJ) and obtain the appropriate certification and licensing before making sales or transfers.
- Generally, to apply with the DOJ you must first obtain a seller's permit and a CFET certificate of registration from us, in addition to other documentation requirements. For more information, please contact the DOJ or review the DOJ's website at <u>oag.ca.gov/firearms/</u>.



Registering for Your Seller's Permit and CFET Certificate of Registration

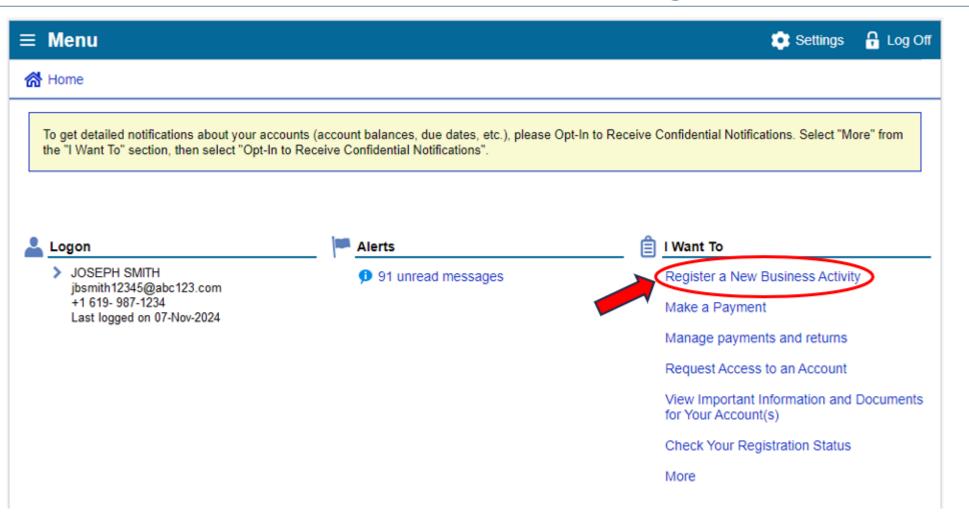


Register a New Business Activity

Home	
declared disasters and instru CDTFA is removing the use	y a California disaster, please refer to our <u>State of Emergency Tax Relief</u> page for a list of uctions on how to apply for relief. of Limited Access Codes to access CDTFA Online Services. Visit our <u>Limited Access</u> neduled removal dates and instructions on how to <i>Sign Up Now</i> for a username and
Online Services is available in Spanish. You can fik	e your Sales and Use Tax Return, Make a Payment, Prepayment, and
Register with the CDTFA entirely in Spanish. Addition	
Use the buttons below to switch languages. Your se	election will begin after leaving this page.
English Español	
G Login	
🖶 Login	
	Express Login
Usemame	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the
	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your
Usemame	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the
Username Password	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the "Sign Up Now" link to create a new username.
Usemame Password Login	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the "Sign Up Now" link to create a new username. File a Return Make a Prepayment
Usemame Password Login Forgot Password?	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the "Sign Up Now" link to create a new username.
Usemame Password Login Forgot Password? Forgot Usemame?	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the "Sign Up Now" link to create a new username. File a Return Make a Prepayment
Usemame Password Login Forgot Password?	To view your account status, account history, or make changes to your account, please log in using your username and password or click the "Sign Up Now" link to create a new username. File a Return Make a Prepayment



Register a New Business Activity



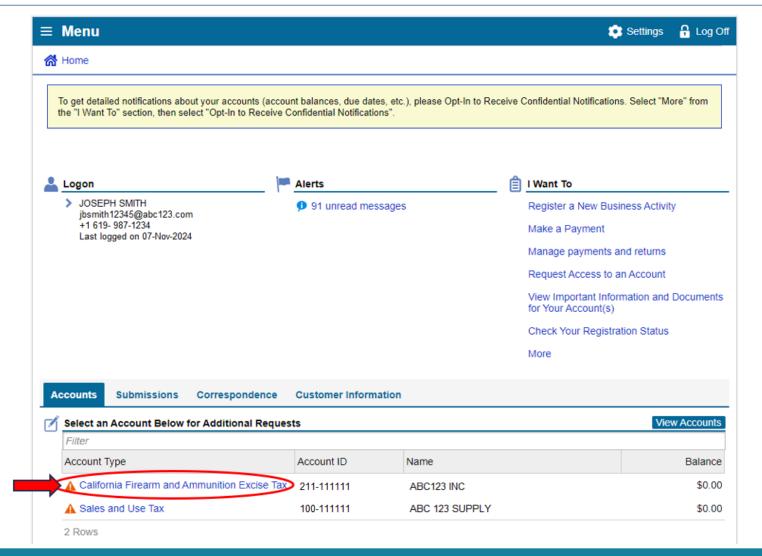


Register a New Business Activity

Home > New Busines	s Application			
gister a Business Activity	у			
UESTIONNAIRE	QUESTIONNAIRE			
My Business Activity In	My Business Activity Includes:			
Sales in California (1/2) Sales in California (2/2)	Fuel products (for example, selling, storing, importing, manufacturing, or distributing fuel products in California or an oil refinery, marine terminal, renewable fuel receiving facility, renewable fuel production facility, or pipeline to transport crude oil out of the state or petroleum products into the state).	Yes	N	0
	Selling lumber products or engineered wood products * If your sales of lumber products are less than \$25,000 per year, you are not required to collect the 1% assessment and can uncheck the box above.	Yes	N	0
	However, you are then required to notify each lumber products purchaser of their responsibility to pay the 1% assessment directly to the CDTFA. As a courtesy to your taxpayer, you may voluntarily continue to collect the 1% assessment and report and pay it to the CDTFA. For more information, see Lumber Products Assessment.			
	Retail sales of prepaid wireless services	Yes	N	lo
	Selling and/or manufacturing lead-acid batteries	Yes	N	0
	Selling firearms, firearm precursor parts, or ammunition at retail (such as sales to consumers) in California	Yes	N	lo



Printing Your Certificate



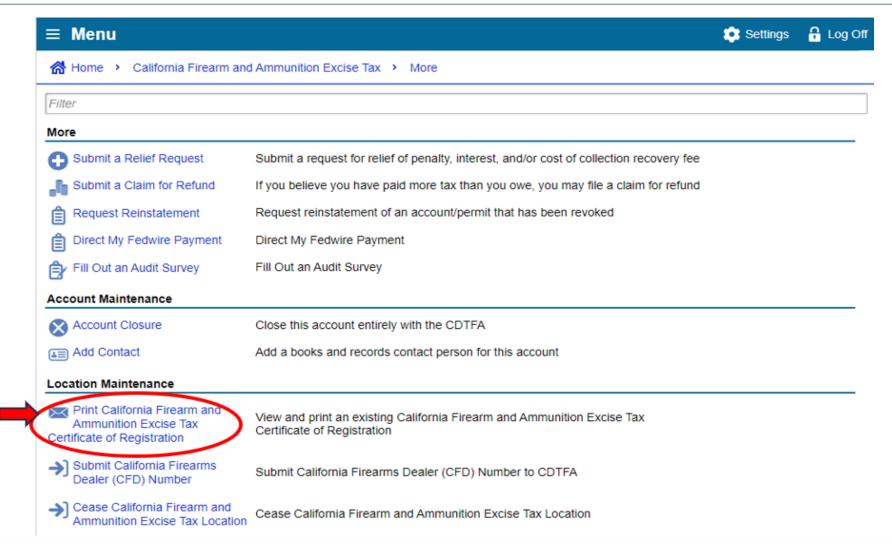


Printing Your Certificate

ion Excise Tax	🗢 Settings 🔒 Log (
	brough the associated Sales and Use Tax Account by ns the options available for your California Firearm and
Account Alerts	📋 I Want To
File return for 31-Dec-2024	File and/or View a Return/Report
2 unread messages	Make a Payment View Prior Payments
	Request a Filing Extension
	ayments or adjustments to the account. m and Ammunition Excise Tax site(s) may be done to bre "link. The "Location Maintenance" section contain Maintenance Section Contain Account Alerts File return for 31-Dec-2024



Printing Your Certificate









Filing Requirements for CFET and SUT

In the following slides, we will provide basic information on CFET and demonstrate the process of preparing the following types of returns:

- A return in which sales are subject to CFET.
- A return in which quarterly sales are under \$5,000 and not subject to CFET, however, CFET was collected.

If you are a seller, you are also required to prepare and file Sales and Use Tax returns. To assist you with preparing and filing Sales and Use Tax returns, we have created publication 373-PPTH, *Sales and Use Tax Return Preparation* (<u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/formspubs/pub373ppth.pdf</u>).

You can also attend one of our Sales and Use Tax Return Preparation Webinars (<u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/seminar/#bsut-trp</u>).



CFET Return—Basic Information

- As a California seller making retail sales in this state, you are required to file a CFET return on a quarterly basis.
- You must report your gross receipts subject to CFET and pay the amount of CFET due.
- The CFET return and amounts due are separate from your sales and use tax return and amounts due.
- You are required to file your CFET return even if:
 - You do not reach the threshold of \$5,000 in retail sales subject to CFET.
 - You have no retail sales subject to CFET in a quarter.



Reporting Retail Sales Transactions

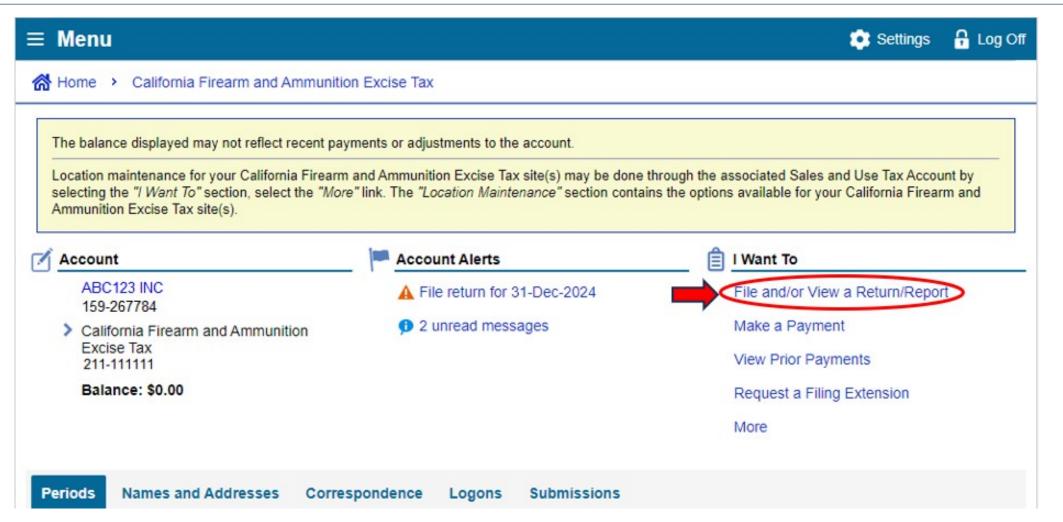
Retail sales should be reported in the same quarterly period the retail sale was made (accrual basis). In general, a retail sale occurs in the reporting period when there is a transfer of title or possession (whichever occurs first) of the tangible personal property.

In the absence of an explicit title clause that passes title sooner, the retail sale is deemed to be made when possession of the tangible personal property sold transfers to the purchaser (for example, after the 10-day waiting period has passed in the case of the retail sale of a firearm). This is the case for both sales and use tax and CFET.



Logon	Alerts		<u>Ê 1</u>	Vant To	
JOSEPH SMITH jbsmith12345@abc123.com	91 unread mess	sages	Re	egister a New Busin	ess Activity
+1 619- 987-1234 Last logged on 07-Nov-2024			Ma	ake a Payment	
			Ma	anage payments an	d returns
			Re	equest Access to an	Account
				ew Important Inform r Your Account(s)	ation and Documen
			Cł	neck Your Registrati	on Status
			M	ore	
Accounts Submissions Corresponden	nce Customer Informa	tion	М	ore	
Select an Account Below for Additional Re		tion	M	ore	View Account
		tion Name	M	ore	View Account Balanc
Select an Account Below for Additional Re	Account ID		M	ore	
Select an Account Below for Additional Re Filter Account Type	Account ID	Name	M	ore	Balanc





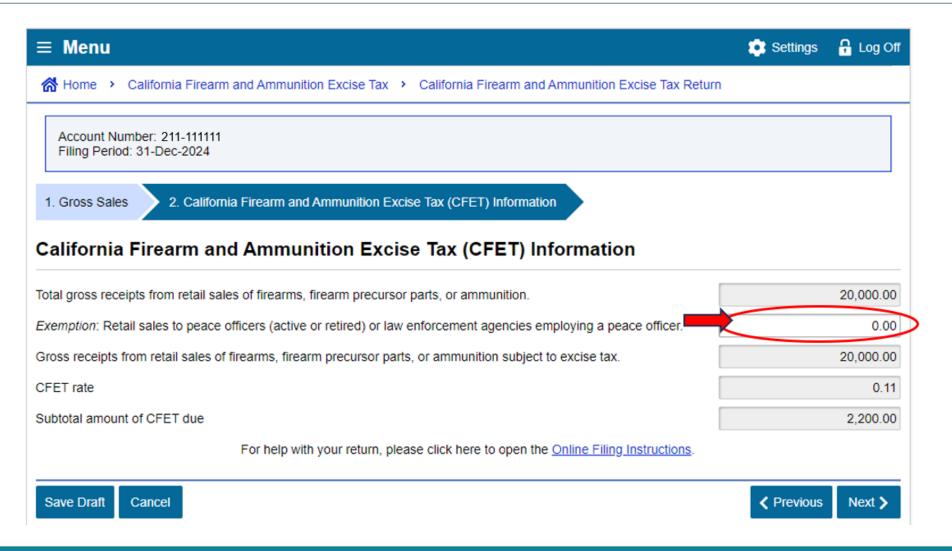


	hrough the associated Sales and Use Tax Account by as the options available for your California Firearm and
Account Alerts	B I Want To
A File return for 31-Dec-2024	File and/or View a Return/Report
2 unread messages	Make a Payment
	View Prior Payments
	Request a Filing Extension
	More
spondence Logons Submissions	
	View Periods
	 Perilink. The "Location Maintenance" section contain Account Alerts File return for 31-Dec-2024 2 unread messages

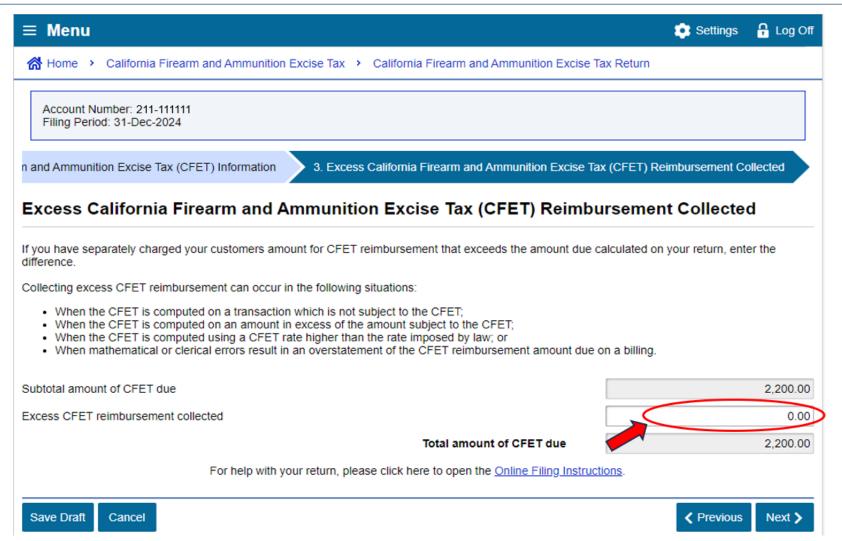


≡ Menu	🔅 Settings	🔒 Log Off
A Home > California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax > California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax Return		
Account Number: 211-111111 Filing Period: 31-Dec-2024		
1. Gross Sales		
Gross Sales		
Enter your gross receipts from the total retail sales of any firearms, firearm precursor parts, or ammunition.		20,000.00
For help with your return, please click here to open the Online Filing Instructions.		
Save Draft Cancel		Next >











≡ Menu	🔅 Settings 🛛 🔒 Log Off
A Home California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax	eturn
Account Number: 211-111111 Filing Period: 31-Dec-2024	
cise Tax (CFET) Information 3. Excess California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax (CFET) Reimburseme	nt Collected 4. Summary
Summary	
,	
-	2,200.00
ubtotal Amount of CFET Due	2,200.00
ubtotal Amount of CFET Due	
ubtotal Amount of CFET Due xcess CFET reimbursement collected btal Amount of CFET Due	0.00
aubtotal Amount of CFET Due Excess CFET reimbursement collected Cotal Amount of CFET Due Venalty Interest	0.00 2,200.00

 \smile

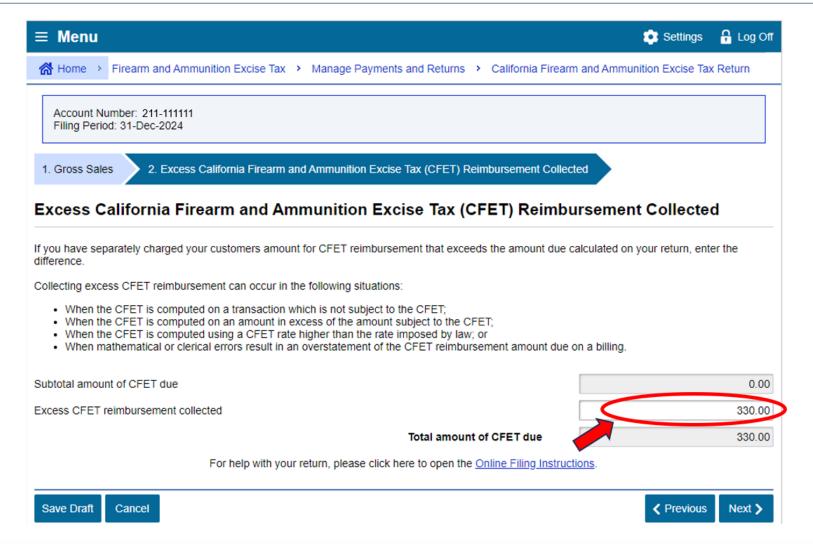


Filing Your CFET Return Sales Under \$5,000 in a Quarterly Period

≡ Menu Settings	🔒 Log Off
Home > Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax > Manage Payments and Returns > California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax R	Return
Account Number: 211-11111 Filing Period: 31-Dec-2024	
1. Gross Sales	
Gross Sales	
Enter your gross receipts from the total retail sales of any firearms, firearm precursor parts, or ammunition.	3,000.00
For help with your return, please click here to open the Online Filing Instructions	
Save Draft Cancel	Next >



Filing Your CFET Return Sales Under \$5,000 in a Quarterly Period





Filing Your CFET Return Sales Under \$5,000 in a Quarterly Period

≡ Menu	🔹 Settings 🛛 🔒 Log Off
Home > Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax > Manage Payments and Returns > California Firear	m and Ammunition Excise Tax Return
Account Number: 211-111111 Filing Period: 31-Dec-2024	
1. Gross Sales 2. Excess California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax (CFET) Reimbursement Collect	cted 3. Summary
Summary	
Subtotal Amount of CFET Due	0.00
Excess CFET reimbursement collected	330.00
Total Amount of CFET Due	330.00
Penalty	0.00
Interest	0.00
Total Amount Due and Payable	330.00



CFET Return

- Your CFET returns must be filed online.
- The return is due on a **quarterly** filing basis.
 - See the table below for the filing due dates.

Quarterly Reporting		
Reporting Period	Period End Date	Due Date
January – March	March 31	April 30
April – June	June 30	July 31
July – September	September 30	October 31
October – December	December 31	January 31



Recordkeeping

- Tax records must be maintained for at least four years.
- Failure to maintain records will be considered evidence of negligence or intent to evade tax and may result in penalties.







Recordkeeping

Purchases	 Purchase invoices and receipts Purchase journals Cancelled checks Credit card statements
Sales	 Sales and lease contracts and agreements Sales invoices, cash register tapes, and receipts Sales journals and sales summary journals Purchase orders
Exemptions	 Resale certificates Exemption certificates Shipping documents Government invoices





Resources



Top Resources

- Assembly Bill 28, chapter 231, Statutes 2023
- <u>Sales & Use Tax in California</u>
- <u>California City & County Sales & Use Tax Rates</u>
- Firearm Precursor Part Identification Guidebook
- <u>California Firearm and Ammunition June 2024 Webinar</u> <u>Presentation</u>
- <u>California Firearm and Ammunition Excise Tax Frequently Asked</u> <u>Questions</u>



Laws and Regulations

- Sales and Use Tax Law
- Firearms, Firearm Precursor Parts, and Ammunition Excise Tax Law
- <u>Fee Collection Procedures Law</u>
- Sales and Use Tax Regulations
- Fee Collection Procedures Regulations
- <u>Regulation 1506, Miscellaneous Service Enterprises</u>
- <u>Regulation 1569, Consignees and Lienors of Tangible Personal Property for</u> <u>Sale</u>
- <u>Regulation 1584</u>, <u>Membership Fees</u>
- <u>Regulation 1668</u>, <u>Sales for Resale</u>
- <u>Regulation 1628</u>, *Transportation Charges*



Visit Our Tax Guide for Sellers of Firearm and Ammunition Products

www.cdtfa.ca.gov/industry/sellers-of-firearm-and-ammunition-products/.



Overview	How to Use This Guide
Getting Started	 Each section of this guide contains important information about <u>retail sales</u> (for example, sales to consumers) of firearms, firearm precursor parts, or ammunition in California. The <u>Getting Started</u> section provides key resources related to registration, filing returns, making payments, account maintenance, and other important information. The <u>Industry Topics</u> section provides helpful information on specific topics important to sellers of firearms and ammunition products. The <u>Resources</u> section provides links to helpful information, including law and regulation information, publications, special notices, the exemption certificate for sales to peace officers and law enforcement agencies, and access to assistance from our customer service representatives.
Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)	
Industry Topics	
Resources	
< Industry Guides	
	The general information provided in this guide is not intended to replace any law or regulation. This guide summarizes the law

and applicable regulations in effect when it was last updated. However, changes in the law or regulations may have occurred. If there is a conflict between this guide and the law, our decisions will be based on the law.



Questions regarding firearm products?

Please contact the State of California Department of Justice, Bureau of Firearms if you have any questions regarding:

- Registration as a licensed firearms dealer, ammunition vendor, or firearms manufacturer in California.
- Whether certain firearm parts or accessories are legal in California.
- Whether certain goods are considered firearms, or firearm precursor parts.



State of California Department of Justice, Bureau of Firearms

oag.ca.gov/firearms





Taxpayer Webinars

Small Business

- Basic Sales and Use Tax
- Sales Tax Return Preparation
- What to Expect During an Audit
- Basic Recordkeeping
- Spanish webinars available

Visit our Tax Education page at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/tax-education</u> to view classes and other events.

Industry-Specific

- Food Industry
- Internet and Home-Based Businesses
- Construction Contractors
- California Cigarette and Tobacco Products Retailers
- More

Nonprofit and Exempt Organizations



California Tax Service Center

The California Tax Service Center website offers a one-stop source for the latest tax information.

<u>www.taxes.ca.gov</u>

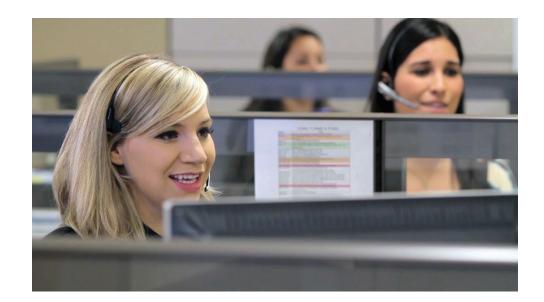


Welcome to the California Tax Service Center, sponsored by the California Fed State Partnership. Our partnership of tax agencies includes Board of Equalization, California Department of Tax and Fee Administration, Employment Development Department, Franchise Tax Board, and Internal Revenue Service.



Customer Service

- Call our Customer Service Center at 1-800-400-7115.
- TTY:711 is available for the hearing and speech impaired.
- Customer service representatives are available Monday through Friday from 7:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Pacific time), except state holidays.
- Customer service
 representatives can:
 - Walk you through the registration process.
 - Walk you through the return preparation process.
 - Answer general tax questions.





Customer Service

We now offer **a live online chat service** to quickly answer general tax and fee questions and to provide help with our Online Services.

- To initiate a chat session, visit our website at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov</u> and click on the *Chat* icon located on the lower right corner of our homepage. You can also visit the *How to Contact Us* page at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/contact.htm</u> and select the option *Online Chat*.
- If you are initiating a chat from Monday through Friday during the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. (Pacific time), except state holidays, the chat service will connect you with a customer service representative.
- If it is outside regular customer service hours, our ChatBot will direct you to the information you need.



Taxpayers' Rights Advocate

1-888-324-2798

If you are unable to resolve any tax issues through normal channels with CDTFA or if you would like more information regarding your rights, contact the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Office at <u>www.cdtfa.ca.gov/tra</u>.





Connect with Us on Social Media

Connect with us on Facebook, X, YouTube, LinkedIn, and Instagram





Questions?



Questions can be asked using the chat window. Click on the *Show conversation* icon to open the chat window.



We wish you success in your business venture!